

CYD-BWYLLGOR CRAFFU DINAS-RANBARTH BAE ABERTAWE

2.00 pm DYDD MAWRTH, 9 TACHWEDD 2021

REMOTELY VIA TEAMS

1. Croeso a galw'r rhestr
2. Datganiadau o fuddiannau
3. Cyhoeddiad y Cadeirydd
4. Cofnodion y Cyfarfod Blaenorol (*Tudalennau 3 - 12*)
5. Isadeiledd Digidol (*Tudalennau 13 - 28*)
6. Eitemau brys
Unrhyw eitemau brys (boed yn gyhoeddus neu wedi'u heithrio) yn ôl disgresiwn y Cadeirydd yn unol ag Adran 100b (4)(B) o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 1972.

K.Jones
Prif Weithredwr

Canolfan Ddinesig
Port Talbot

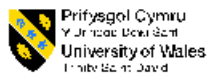
3 Tachwedd 2021

Aelodaeth y Pwyllgor:

Cadeirydd: Y Cynghorydd R.James

Is-gadeirydd: Y Cyngorydd S. Rahaman

Cynghorwyr: A.Llewelyn, S.E.Freeguard, P.Downing,
J.Curtice, M.Evans, J.Adams, T.Baron,
G.Morgan, D.Price a/ac J.Jones



Swansea Bay City Region Joint Scrutiny Committee

(Remotely via Teams)

Members Present:

20 July 2021

Chairperson: Councillor R.James

Vice Chairperson: Councillor S.Rahaman

Councillors: A.Llewelyn, S.E.Freeguard, S.Rahaman,
P.Downing, J.Curtice, T.Baron, G.Morgan,
D.Price and J.Jones

Officers In Attendance R.Arnold, J.Lewis, P.Ryder, S.Curran, M.Shaw,
J.Burnes and A.Thomas

1. **Welcome and Roll Call**

The Chair welcomed everyone to the meeting.

2. **Declarations of Interest**

There were no declarations of interest received.

3. **Appointment of Vice-Chairperson**

It was proposed and seconded and agreed that Cllr Saifur Rahaman, from Neath Port Talbot Council, be the Vice-Chairperson for the Swansea Bay City Region Joint Scrutiny Committee.

4. **Minutes of Previous Meeting**

The minutes of the previous meeting held 2nd February 2021 were approved a true and accurate record.

5. **Skills & Talent Business Case**

The project lead for the Skills & Talent Programme, Jane Lewis, attended the meeting and provided an overview of the business case. Ms Lewis outlined briefly the remit of the Regional Learning and Skills Partnership. It is an independent organisation completely funded by Welsh Government to identify skills needs and skills gaps in the region. The programme aims to create new and sustainable opportunities that will generate prosperity for individuals and businesses in the Swansea Bay City Deal Region. This will be achieved through the development of a pathway of skills for all and the pilot delivery of demand drive high level skills and upskilling opportunities across the five key themes. The five key areas are construction, digital, smart manufacturing, health & wellbeing and energy. As the programme develops potential new areas may be identified. This programme will bring together all the skills required across the portfolio of the City Deal and maximise the economy. Currently the region does not have the skills required for investors within the deal. The programme will enable the skills to be developed and allow people to also earn higher salaries within the region. Whilst it is recognised that the programme will not resolve all the issues, it will assist with decreasing the gap between individuals with no skills and those with the higher skill levels.

The programme aims to deliver at least 2,200 additional skills and support the development of around 14,000 individuals with higher level (2-8)s skills in 10 years. To create 3,000 new apprenticeship opportunities to include level 3 to Degree apprenticeships. To work with schools and the new curriculum to develop a clear pathway from school education and increase the numbers of pupils following the STEM subjects. To create at least two Centres of Excellence within specific sectors to develop the region as being “the best” area for skills and development. Upskilling is key to ensuring that the City Deal Projects can be delivered.

In order to ensure that the aims of the Programme can be met, a skills gap analysis will be undertaken to identify new skills training not currently delivered in the region. The Programme will work closely with the projects to identify the skills required and new frameworks that will need to be introduced.

Ms Lewis went through the risks associated with the project. If the programme approval is delayed, this could result in the slippage of

the time scale that would impact the delivery of training. Workforce would then be brought in from outside the region.

The programme has a value of £30 million, with various elements of match funding within this. £10million from the City Deal and £4million private sector funding.

The Business Case is currently moving through the approval process. All four local authorities have approved it. The Business Case will go before Joint Committee on 29th July. The Programme Manager position is being appointed at risk. The Business Case will be submitted to Welsh and UK Government at the end of July.

Ms Lewis confirmed that the Regional Learning and Skills partnership is funded by Welsh Government, however they are being funded to undertake a piece of work, which makes recommendations to them. The partnership works to the four local authorities that make up South West Wales. The aim of the partnership is to make sure Welsh Government understand what the local issues are around skills. The Regional Learning Skills Partnership has 9 cluster groups that are led by the industry. The Board of the RLSP is led by the private sector. Members were advised that when information is being gathered, they are working with over 2000 organisations to understand what the issues are. What are the skills that these businesses are identifying that the RLSP needs to be highlighting to Welsh Government for funding in the future and for immediate funding?

When the Business Case was being prepared, two other City Deal Projects who have got Skills & Talent programmes were consulted with, namely Belfast and Edinburgh. They were helpful in identifying key areas that had not been covered within the business case. The RLSP also work regularly with the other three RLSP partnerships in Wales.

Ms Lewis confirmed that the pandemic has had a massive effect on some industries, and identified the tourism and hospitality industry as one largely affected. The RLSP has been working closely with those affected and trying to match them to alternative employment opportunities.

Members queries how improvements to the area would be measured and if there would be regular updates to the Scrutiny Committee. Ms

Lewis advised that there would be regular reporting back to both the Joint Scrutiny and Joint Committee.

Members queried what format the engagement with the private sector took place and how the skills gap was measured. Ms Lewis advised that there was formal engagement through the 9 cluster groups. There were also forums held which were industry specific i.e. engineering, to allow more details information to be gathered from those sectors. Regular surveys are undertaken with the businesses to inform the employment and skills plan which is prepared for Welsh Government. The RLSP have been reporting quarterly to Welsh Government during the pandemic, so it is vital that the industries have a voice to reflect where the pandemic has affected them and where upskilling is required.

Members discussed the Gateway Review that had been undertaken and the four recommendations that had been outlined. It was acknowledged that three of the recommendations had been met fully. However, the fourth recommendation was outstanding. Members queried what steps need to be taken to ensure that the fourth recommendation is met.

Members queried if the stakeholders will also be involved closely with the process, including being available to meet with the committee to speak with them directly about being part of the project and as the key milestones are met. It was suggested that the committee speak with the Skills Solution Group who will be measuring the impact of the project and the development of new skills within the region. Members thanked Jane Lewis for attending the meeting.

6. **Internal Audit**

The audit was conducted by Pembrokeshire Council. The outcome of the audit was an assurance rating of substantial. There were five recommendations from the audit report.

The first recommendation is around formal agreements. It was noted that the four authorities have signed the Joint Committee Agreement. Swansea Bay Health Board and Swansea University have not formally committed to the City Deal via this agreement. Whilst there are no concerns about their commitment, it needs to be formalised.

The second recommendation concerned anti-fraud and anti-corruption strategy. These items have been drafted but will now need to be approved by the Programme Board and Joint Committee. The third recommendation concerns the residual risk score. This is now present in the Portfolio Risk Register and has been cascaded down to all projects and programmes.

The fourth recommendations related to the reporting on achievements of outcomes, outputs and impacts. This ensures that performance targets are monitored and they are achieving what they set out to do, both at project and portfolio level and showing that they add value. Part of the reporting will also include community benefits. The fifth recommendation is around private sector funding and ensuring that the risk is mitigated in relation to drawing in the funding from the sector over the next 10-15 years.

Members queried the time frame for the formal agreements being signed by the Swansea Bay Health Board and Swansea University. It was explained that the update to the JWA is part of a wider update. In order for the update to be put into place it needs to be approved by the Programme Board and subsequently the Joint Committee. Members queried if the updates on progress on the five recommendations would be reported back to the Scrutiny Committee, and what would be the deadline for this reporting. They were advised that an update would be provided in September on the progress of the recommendations from the Internal Audit.

Members queried the financial management and the release of the £54 million to the regions. In order for funding to be release there needs to be a funding agreement in place between the relevant bodies. This ensures that those responsible for delivering the project can be held to account. Some of the funding agreements have taken longer than expect to put in place, however at the current time there is a flow of funding.

Officers advised that UK Government will be releasing their funding over 10 years and Welsh Government are releasing their funding over 15 years. Welsh Government have agreed to front load their funding over the first 10 years. This effectively means that the City Deal will not have to borrow as much funding. However the exact amounts that this transpires to are yet to be determined.

Members queried what happens if private sector investment doesn't materialise. It was recognised that there are contingencies built into

each project and that the four authorities have all committed to providing respective funding. However, if the full private investment didn't materialise then the project would fail. There is a change control procedure in place which would assist to try and mitigate any risks that can be foreseen.

Mr Burnes briefly explained how the benefits realisation figures are presented. However, it was recognised that some of the figures may take a couple of years to be fully realised. They will be regularly reported.

Business cases are reviewed to ensure that they are still fit for purpose and that costs are still relevant and appropriate.

7. Swansea Bay City Deal Change Control Procedure

Phil Ryder, went through the Change Control Procedure. The majority of change will be approved at project level. The procedure has been devised for the reporting of change back to the various governance committees. Mr Ryder presented a flow chart outlining the various stages of the process that must be gone through as part of the procedure. Currently, thresholds for implementing the procedure is based on the type of change. However, it is envisaged that metric thresholds will be put into place. Various levels of approval can be given to various levels of change.

Members were advised that the only time that the Joint Committee would not be able to approve any recommended change would be whereby the change effects the overall portfolio benefits i.e. GVA, job, private sector funding.

Member briefly discussed the threshold for a change to affect the wider City Deal. Members queried if even a small change would have an impact on the whole Deal. Members were advised that if there was going to be an impact on the headline figures then the change would need to be approved by Welsh/UK Government. If the change affects anything else it can be approved regionally by the Joint Committee.

Members queried why re-profiling a project would not show an effect on the number of jobs created. Members queried if the figures were being considered in detail. It was clarified by officers, that at the point in time of the change request, it would be too early to determine the

level of change to jobs. However it would be reported as soon as the level of benefits change becomes apparent.

Mr Ryder went through the difference between a procedure change request and a benefits change.

8. **Benefits Realisation - Benefits Profiles**

All of the templates have been drafted for the portfolio level benefits, which include the GVA, the jobs and the investment. These have been sent to the respective project leads and SRO's for their agreement and sign off of the portfolio level benefits. There will be quarterly reporting for benefits. There will also be an annual report on the benefits delivered within that 12 month period.

The templates for the individual project and programme level benefits are currently being worked through. Mr Ryder went through a completed template for the benefits realisation for jobs at Yr Egin and highlighted specific elements when benefits would be changed. Members queried when concerns would be raised if the jobs were under the amount that were expected. Officers indicated that at the Annual Review, this would be raised with project leads and appropriate strategies would be put in place.

Members raised concerns about terminology used to reflect the benefits. Members asked that it be consistent throughout the reporting mechanisms. Mr Ryder agreed to look at this and report back to a future meeting.

Members asked what was meant by mechanism of measurement. This would be down to the individual project lead to determine. It would be a way for the number of jobs created to be measured. Members queried if the 102 new jobs created for Yr Egin were brand new jobs. Mr Ryder confirmed that they were 102 new jobs created within the region, however if they were displacement from another region Mr Ryder could not advise.

9. **Swansea Bay City Deal Annual Report**

Members queried the investment figure, which would be discussed under the Financial Monitoring Report.

There were no further comments.

10. **Swansea Bay City Deal Highlight Report**

Phil Ryder went through the various projects outlined in the Highlight Report.

During the development of the Pembroke Dock project, quite a lot of focus was on the heritage aspect of it, Members queried if there is any mitigation that can be considered in the project to safeguard the historic heritage aspects of it. Officers confirmed that planning has now been approved for the project with an agreement that if the historic site needs to be accessed, or opened back up in future years, this can be easily done within the agreed planning. There were no further questions.

11. **Financial Monitoring Report**

Richard Arnold went through the Financial Monitoring Report. Members were advised that due to the delay of Joint Committee Meetings there was a delay in considering the year-end outturn position. This will be provided to Members at a later Scrutiny Committee meeting.

Members were provided with information concerning the Portfolio Investment Fund, which consists of the City Deal Grant Awards. To date they have received £54million. The next receipts are due in October 2021. To date £11.2million has been paid out, on one project. Funding agreements have been signed with four projects in the last three months, so further funding is due to be released imminently.

The original Heads of Terms were set up to leverage investment of £1.24billion, however the current 15 year portfolio forecast is looking at achieving investment of £1.147billion. This works out at a 9% variance.

Mr Arnold referred to the Joint Committee which is the administrative function of the City Deal. Members were advised that any underspend is not lost, but is transferred to a City Deal reserve fund, for use in future years.

Members queried the variation on the public investment, which the report indicated was 16.5%. Mr Arnold advised that the majority of the variance related to a revised project put forward by Neath Port Talbot. Members queried at what point any variances would be flagged up to the programme management teams and any interventions be required to take place. Mr Ryder advised Members that the change to the investment had essentially been approved.

Members asked if the detail of the public investment could be broken down further for a future meeting.

The meeting was stopped and further discussion postponed due to quorum not being met.

12. **Minutes and Forward Work Programme Swansea Bay City Region Joint Committee**

This item to be deferred to the next meeting of the Swansea Bay City Region Joint Scrutiny Committee.

13. **Forward Work Programme 2021/2022**

This item to be deferred to the next meeting of the Swansea Bay City Region Joint Scrutiny Committee.

14. **Urgent Items**

This item to be deferred to the next meeting of the Swansea Bay City Region Joint Scrutiny Committee.

CHAIRPERSON

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Swansea Bay City Deal Joint Scrutiny Committee

Digital Infrastructure Programme Overview & Update

09/11/2021

The Digital Infrastructure Programme of the Swansea Bay City Deal is an investment in the Digital Connectivity and associated Telecommunications Infrastructure of the region. This includes but is not limited to full fibre fixed connectivity and associated infrastructure, 4G Advanced, 5G and Internet of Things wireless networks and use cases. It is in essence the deployment of enabling technology that will allow quality digital services to be delivered and accessed over fixed line networks or wireless networks.

The Programme will deliver the essential underlying Infrastructure required to support and underpin the regions broader Digital Strategy. It will help to ensure that the region is equipped with future-proofed Digital Infrastructure that will provide the transformative foundations for City Deal interventions and wider regional growth. The Programme will also help to ensure social inclusion and cohesion in a post Covid19 world.

This gigabit capable ultra-reliable connectivity will help to ensure that the region capitalises on opportunities to accelerate economic growth and establish itself as a centre of excellence in the key sectors of; energy, life science and well-being and smart manufacturing. Future proofed Digital Infrastructure will help create a paradigm shift in the design, development, and application of technology within these key sectors across the region.

Strategic Case

The breadth and quality of digital infrastructure available in Wales has fallen behind that found in many other parts of the UK. This is compounded by the fact that there are significant differences within Wales itself. The reasons for this do not only rest with the topology of the region and the fact that it is heavily rural, it is a deeper issue related to digital awareness, affordability and commercial appetite for investment by the communications service providers (CSPs).

There is broad and proven recognition that the provision of digital services drives economic growth and enables social inclusion and cohesion. There is also a growing recognition that the availability of world class digital connectivity stimulates innovation and the creation of new business streams. The clear conclusion is that the Swansea Bay City Deal (SBCD) must address any shortfall in the availability of digital connectivity in the region. It must invest in digital connectivity to obtain a competitive advantage and it must also drive the uptake and quality of those services that are already available.

Improving the Digital Infrastructure of the region is critical as it has suffered from a lack of commercial investment that has consequently resulted in an underlying gap in delivery capability. These gaps need to be closed in order for the SBCD and the region to achieve its goals. The proposed Programme of work will lead to:

- An increase in local productivity and employment
- An uplift in the region’s attractiveness for both the telecommunications industry and subsequent inward investment by highly skilled digitally intensive industries
- An enhanced ability to deliver local services, notably education, health, and transport
- Environmental benefits through the facilitation of teleworking and enhanced traffic management
- A reduced gap in access to digital services across the region, notably to isolated communities
- Enabling digital transformation across the public and private sector
- Ensuring the cities and development zones of the region obtain a competitive advantage against other parts of the UK.

The region is not homogenous in its requirements and challenges and the investment priorities need to reflect this. To give a focus on the region’s needs, and the manner in which they can be met, three intervention areas have been identified to be delivered through the Digital Infrastructure Programme. These are:

Intervention	Description
Connected Places	This is regional support that will increase the availability of fibre to the premise in key urban areas. Mainly targeted at existing industrial areas and economic growth zones to provide competitive world class connectivity
Rural Connectivity	Intervention where there is shortfall in existing or planned investment to ensure as many rural premises as possible in the region has access to a minimum broadband service, currently considered to be 30Mbps, via gigabit capable infrastructure.
Next Generation Wireless	This is focussed on the provision of next generation wireless connectivity in the form of 4GAdv, 5G and IoT networks. The use cases and business models for these technologies is still to emerge, but supporting early adoption and stimulating innovation within the regions SMEs will ensure that the region stays at the forefront of deploying this technology

Each area deals with a different regional challenge and calls upon different mixes of digital infrastructure to overcome them. However, all are complimentary and interdependent and together provide the underlying infrastructure for the SBCD to address its goals.

SMART investment objectives have been defined for each of these three areas as follows:

- **Connected Places; Ensures towns, cities and development zones have access to competitive world class full fibre infrastructure. This will deliver the following spending objectives:**
 - *improve the quality of public service delivery by ensuring all public buildings are served with gigabit capable infrastructure, facilitating improved efficiency and public access to services. This will be measured by the number and frequency of Digital customer contacts and costs per transaction.*
 - *cost savings to the public sector for digital connectivity. This will be achieved through the aggregation of demand and the consolidation of the purchasing process. Savings will be measured by year on year expenditure and cost per unit of capacity used.*
 - *stimulation of competition in digital services. The number of services providers in the region will be measured and tariffs benchmarked.*
 - *stimulate inward investment in the region by telecommunications industry and hence improve access to services for residents and businesses. Experience elsewhere has shown that expenditure by the public sector on digital infrastructure typically leverages additional private sector investment. This will be reported on and measured as part of procurements and economic development programmes, including wider coverage and additional services being offered.*
 - *deliver economic benefits through the usage of digital infrastructure, notably increased efficiency, and enhanced productivity. A range of studies are available that benchmark economic impacts on a region. These are highlighted in this report. The benefits modelling used in these reports can be utilised or a bespoke set can be developed. It should be noted that the benefit modelling has a diverse range of measures including impacts on environmental and social benefits.*
- **Rural: Facilitate equality of access to broadband services across the region. This will deliver the following spending objectives;**
 - *improve the quality of public service delivery by ensuring communities in remote areas have access to services. This will be measured by tracking the availability of services across the region along with take up and usage of the public service.*
 - *social cohesion and inclusion across the region to sustain communities.*
 - *stimulate economic growth by enhancing opportunities for employment. Employment, number of business start-ups and investment levels will all be measured with an initial baseline established.*

- **Next Generation Wireless: Ensure that the region is at the forefront of 4G Adv, 5G and Internet of Things (IoT) investment and subsequent innovation. This will deliver;**
 - *Inward investment. Accelerated deployment of 5G will be considered as inward investment and measured accordingly. The attraction of businesses to areas that has 5G coverage will be measured by movement into these zones.*
 - *Innovation and ensuring the region is at the forefront of new service roll out and delivery. The availability of services such as 5G and other IoT wireless networks will be tracked and availability and penetration benchmarked against other parts of the UK*
 - *Economic growth. The uptake of 5G and IoT services will be measured with the assumption that early adoption is driven by gains to productivity or service offering and therefore economic growth. As this is likely to be a narrow area to monitor, direct input from companies utilising 5G and IoT will be gained to measure growth.*

Economic Case

The Digital Infrastructure Programme has three Projects which it will directly deliver in order to drive growth and GVA and to close the digital divides across the region.

Options have been considered for all three areas, ranging from Do-Nothing to significant levels of investment. A preferred option has been identified for all three areas which represents a pragmatic approach that maximises the impact of existing interventions and addresses any significant gaps that these might leave.

Connected Places

- An investment in public sector owned duct infrastructure and a procurement of commercial owned full fibre infrastructure

Rural

- Programme of supply side engagement to stimulate investment
- Demand stimulation programme to raise awareness and drive adoption in businesses and residential consumers
- A focused and locally led procurement to in-fill gaps in service provision which is state aid compliant and complementary to existing national and regional programmes

Next Generation Wireless

- Selected funded interventions and proof of concepts to deliver 4G Adv, 5G and IoT connectivity in key locations should be executed under a central SBCD mandate and management

A summary of the economic appraisal for each of the three streams within this Digital Programme is presented in the following table:

	Portfolio	Rural	Connected Places	Next Generation Wireless
A. Economic Impact		£87.5m	£220m	£11.7m
B. Public sector cost (or appropriate value for cost). Note Cost includes total public sector expenditure by SBCD, DCMS and Welsh Government	Note: Additional commercial investment in leveraged by public sector investment	£21.5m	£12.5m	£4.5m
C. Appropriate BCR		3.5	11	1.5
D. Significant unmonetisable costs/benefits		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Productivity enhanced • Aids start ups • Teleworking • Household benefits • Sustains communities • Facilitates mobile deployment • Delivers public services • Environmental benefits 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Productivity enhanced • Aids start ups • Stimulates network build and inward investment • Teleworking • Household benefits • Sustains communities • Facilitates mobile deployment • Industrial benefits • Delivers public services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stimulates network build and inward investment • Teleworking • Household benefits • Sustains communities • Facilitates mobile deployment • Productivity enhanced • Environmental impacts (e.g. reduced Co2)

Commercial Case

The commercial case defines the recommended procurement routes, service specifications and commercial and contractual considerations. These are different for each of the 3 Project areas identified and shaped by:

- Stakeholders appetite to invest in public sector assets and infrastructure
- Commercial appetite for inward investment
- Ensuring state aid compliance
- Ensuring investments are complementary to the activities of the PSBA
- Complementary to other national and regional schemes

Procurement activities proposed under each of the 3 Project areas are as follows:

Rural Connectivity

- Preferred Option 2 - Supply Side engagement
- Preferred Option 3 - Demand Stimulation programme
- Preferred Option 4 - SBCD led in-fill procurement

Options 2 and 3 represent an internal team providing support services, possibly with some external professional support. This does not require procurement.

Option 4 represents SBCD led in-fill procurement for the provision of connectivity to public sector, residential and commercial premises with no or poor, internet access. The exact locations to be reached are to be specified within each procurement action, as well as the level of service to be provided.

Connected Places

- Preferred Option 3 - Infrastructure asset investment
- Preferred Option 4: Procurement of infrastructure and/or managed service

Option 3 represents Infrastructure asset investment. Under this scenario SBCD fund the expansion and upgrade of public sector ducting within the region.

Option 4 represents the SBCD Public Sector procuring Fibre Infrastructure; Notably the build and use of dark fibre (or an equivalent wavelength service) to a defined portfolio of public sector sites, and / or a Managed Service; Gigabit capable connectivity to sites.

Next Generation Wireless

- Preferred Option 3 – Undertake Future Telecom Infrastructure Review guidance in full & drive SRN.

- Preferred Option 5 – Funded intervention to deliver 5G, 4G Adv and IoT connectivity and use cases in selected locations.

Option 3 does not require direct procurement action. The action will require the set-up and recruitment of a dedicated specialist team to provide, on behalf of the four local authorities, a service in line with that proposed in the Future Telecoms Infrastructure Review, (FTIR).

Option 5 represents funded intervention to deliver 5G, 4G Adv and IoT connectivity and use cases in selected locations. It is considered that the team brought together for Option 3 will also be able to provide the additional support necessary to execute Option 5. Procurement will be undertaken in respect of a project by project requirement, covering one, or a combination of;

- 5G/4G coverage and services
- IoT coverage and services

Financial Case

A summary of the proposed expenditure under each of these three streams is presented in the table below. The table splits out that potentially provided by the SBCD along with commercial investment and likely central government grant funding. It should be noted that commercial investment is likely to emerge in two waves: an initial direct contribution to the proposed Programme plan. In addition, there will be secondary pull through investment by the commercial sector as subsequent investment will be made to enhance and expand the digital infrastructure facilitated by SBCD.

There are strong positive economic and social impacts for all three of the Programme's Projects. The analysis undertaken has been careful to apply economic multipliers that have been used in other government programmes to support their business case.

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Stream	Total Budget Spend (Revenue and Capital over 5 year)	Direct SBCD Capital Contribution	Direct SBCD Revenue Contribution	Other Public Sector Contribution	Direct Commercial Contribution	Additional Commercial Sector Pull through Investment	Economic Uplift over 15 years from Budget Investment
Rural							
Option 2; Supplier Engagement	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Option 3: Demand Stimulation	5.0	0.0	1.5	3.5	0.0	28.9	17.5

Option 4: In-fill Procurement	20.0	6.0	0.0	10.0	4.0	20.0	70.0
Connected Places							
Options 3/4 Duct Investment /Procurement	20.0	12.0	0.5	0.0	7.5	70.0	220.0
Next Generation Wireless							
Option 3; Infrastructure Review	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0		
Option 5: Support for Specific Projects	7.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	3.0	11.3
TOTAL	55.0	20.5	4.5	13.5	16.5	121.9	318.8

The table above summarises the budget spend and investment sources along with associated benefits. It is estimated that the Digital Programme will result in over £120 million of direct and pull through commercial investment and an economic stimulus to the region of over £300 million over the next 15 years.

Management Case

The SBCD Digital Infrastructure Programme Management Case provides the Digital Infrastructure Board, SBCD Portfolio Management Office and Joint Committee with confidence that the capability and capacity to govern and deliver the Programme is in place, and that they and other governance and delivery structures receive information in a timely and transparent manner to help them make informed decisions. This is being achieved by establishing and operating capacity and capability to implement and manage robust governance and approvals through people, structures, strategies, and processes based around Portfolio, Programme and Project Management (P3M) practices and principles.

The Digital Infrastructure Programme will be periodically reviewed by the regional PMO and external stage gate reviews to assess and improve its governance, assurance, and communications arrangements. This will ensure that the ambition of the Programme and its associated Projects are aligned to delivery. These arrangements will also ensure that progress and deliverables are communicated effectively through transparency, while demonstrating value for money to the region and people of Wales.

In October 2020 the Digital Infrastructure Programme went through a comprehensive OGC Gateway™ Review 0: Strategic assessment. This assurance review was arranged and managed by the Welsh Government Integrated Assurance Hub (IAH) and conducted by an external review team of Programme/Project Management experts. The primary purposes of the Gateway Review 0: Strategic assessment was to review the outcomes and objectives for the programme (and the way they fit together) and confirm that they make the necessary contribution to Ministers' or the departments' overall strategy.

The Review Team found that successful delivery was probable with a delivery confidence assessment of Amber/Green given. SBCD leaders, partners and stakeholders welcome and fully support the findings and recommendations of this review. We recognise all the key points discussed and agree with findings and recommendations. We are determined to ensure the successful delivery of this programme and are therefore fully committed to implementing all the recommendations made by the review team in full and as soon as possible. The review has been extremely helpful in ensuring the programme is progressing well and continues to do so. The review has identified areas for improvement and given us an important level of

assurance regarding progress so far and how to move forward with confidence. We thank the review team for their efforts. The process was enjoyable, informative, and beneficial. The team were open, honest, and effective throughout. A clear Programme Management structure has been defined consisting of a Digital Infrastructure Programme Board reporting to the Swansea Bay City Deal Programme Board and Joint Committee.

A central Digital Infrastructure Programme Management Office (DIPMO) has been established to oversee and steer Digital Infrastructure strategy and policy for the region in liaison with UKG, Welsh Government and the private sector. The DIPMO is charged with meeting Programme aims and objectives as set out in the Programme business case, overseeing risk and governance, maintaining communication and engagement across all sectors, and achieving Programme outcomes, including community benefits.

This DIPMO team will be hosted within Carmarthenshire County Council as the lead authority for the Digital Infrastructure Programme.

In order to deliver the business plan the Programme team will be responsible for the;

- Development of overall digital strategy
- Maximising and coordinating funding opportunities for the Region
- Interaction with Welsh and UK Govts on digital programmes
- Co-ordination and management of regional Digital procurement activities
- Supply side engagement with industry
- Development of regional procurement frameworks and procurement templates
- State aid guidance
- Development of regional guidelines and approach to demand stimulation
- Market analysis and monitoring of infrastructure deployed.

Where required the DIPMO will utilise external legal (for state aid and procurement) and technical support. This central team would report directly to the Digital Infrastructure Programme Board, Programme lead authority (Carmarthenshire County Council) and Swansea Bay City Deal Joint Committee as required. It will also coordinate and draw upon the resources and skills of stakeholders including the local authorities, health

boards and universities as required – notably during procurements and demand stimulation activities.

Digital Infrastructure Programme Status Update.

The Digital Infrastructure Programme is now in a position to fully transition from preparation to delivery. The following activity is now complete or ongoing.

Business Case

- A comprehensive Digital Infrastructure Programme Business Case was produced during Spring/Summer 2020 in collaboration with appointed consultants and local, regional, and national stakeholders.
- Significant stakeholder engagement and consultation of the Business Case took place throughout Summer/Autumn 2020.
- The Business Case and all associated plans were scrutinised and refined locally, regionally, and nationally during Summer/Autumn 2020.
- A comprehensive stage gate review of the Digital Infrastructure Programme was conducted by Government appointed external experts in November 2020. The Programme was awarded Amber/Green status.
- Local & Regional endorsement for the Digital Infrastructure Programme and its Business Case was achieved in November 2020.
- In March 2021 the Digital Programme achieved Ministerial endorsement from both the Welsh Government & UK Government.
- Updating and refinement of the Business Case is ongoing throughout the lifetime of the Programme.

Governance

- Both the Digital Infrastructure Programme and overarching City Deal Portfolio Governance is fully established and functioning.

- A Digital Infrastructure Programme Board has been fully established with key partners and stakeholders represented. Terms of reference are in place, agreed upon and reviewed monthly.
- A Senior Responsible Officer for the Programme is in place along with a Programme Board Chair and Vice Chair.
- The Programme Risk Register/Issues Log is fully operational and scrutinised monthly by Digital Infrastructure Programme Board.
- The Digital Infrastructure Programme is represented at several national forums of relevance i.e. Welsh Governments Digital infrastructure barrier busting taskforce.

Funding

- Access to £25M City Deal funding for the Programme is secured with operational Budgets established.
- Programme funding agreements are drafted and being consulted upon with the 4 Local Authorities.
- The following additional public sector funding has been secured across the region, helping to achieve the aims and objectives of the Digital Infrastructure Programme:
 - £3.5M from regional partners for demand stimulation, supplier engagement, barrier busting and infrastructure deployment support and facilitation.
 - £9.2M Superfast Cymru funding for rural infill procurement of gigabit broadband across the Swansea Bay City Region.
 - > £500K for community broadband projects via UK Governments Gigabit Voucher scheme.
 - £400K for an open access wireless “Internet of Things” network across the region.
- Lobbying for, facilitating, and supporting significant private sector investment in Digital Infrastructure across the Region is ongoing.

Resources

- Appointment of specialist advisors to the Digital Infrastructure Programme is complete.
- Recruitment of a central Digital Infrastructure Programme team is complete:
 - 1 x Digital Programme Manager
 - 2 x Digital Project Managers
- SBCD Regional Portfolio Office resources are in place and fully supporting the Digital Infrastructure Programme.
- Local Authority devolved resource recruitment is ongoing. Job profiles are currently being drafted for 1 x Digital Infrastructure lead per Local Authority.

Delivery

- The Programme has been and will continue to support and facilitate significant private and public sector regional investment in fiber and mobile connectivity.
- The Programme is assisting individual Local Authorities, Universities and Health boards with their own Connectivity agenda, programmes & initiatives where possible.
- Final delivery workshops for each of the 3 project workstreams are scheduled for November/December 2021. The purpose of the workshops is to:
 - Review and agree the final list of interventions for each of the 3 Project workstreams within the Digital Infrastructure Programme.
 - Refine the commercial case and route to market (where applicable) for each Project/intervention.
 - Agree specific details for each Project/intervention i.e. exactly who, when and where.
 - Establish governance for each of the 3 Project workstreams and ensure

- Procurement and delivery of individual Projects and interventions of the Digital Infrastructure Programme will commence in the new calendar year 2022.